

Problem Let $x[n] = d[n] + v[n]$

where $d[n] = \sin(0.015\pi n + \phi)$ where $\phi \sim \mathcal{U}[-\pi, \pi]$, and $v[n]$ is white noise, zero mean, unit variance, uncorrelated with $d[n]$. We wish to recover $d[n]$ from the noisy observations $x[n]$, $n = 0, 1, \dots, N-1$ by using a Kalman filtering procedure.

- a) Derive the "state equation" and the "Observation equation". To derive the state equation express

$$\begin{aligned} d[n] &= \sin(0.015\pi n + \phi) = \sin(0.015\pi(n-1) + 0.015\pi + \phi) \\ &= \dots = A d[n-1] + B d[n-2] \end{aligned}$$

where A, B are appropriate constants to be determined

- b) Generate 500 samples of $x[n]$, $n = 0, \dots, 499$
- c) Use a Recursive Kalman Filter implementation to estimate $d[n]$ from $x[n]$. What initialization should you use for the state vector $\hat{d}(0/0)$ and the covariance matrix $P(0/0)$? Plot your estimate and compare it to $x[n]$.

- d) Rewrite the state equation as follows:
- $$\underline{d}[n] = A \underline{d}[n-1] + \underline{w}[n]$$

where, $\underline{w}[n]$ a white noise vector of unknown variance.

σ_w^2

Repeat part c for different values of σ_w^2 .